

1 Melting and Solidification

$$Q = m[(T_{\text{fus}} - T^{\ominus})C_{P,(s)} + \Delta_{\text{fus}}H + (T_{\text{sh}} - T_{\text{fus}})C_{P,(l)}]$$

$T_{\text{sh}} \equiv T_{\text{fus}} + {}^\circ \text{superheat}$

$$Y_c = \frac{m_{\text{shipped}}}{m_{\text{poured}}} = \frac{m_{\text{casting (s)}}}{m_{\text{riser (l)}} + m_{\text{casting (l)}} + m_{\text{gating}}}$$

1.1 Solidification Volume Change

$$\{T = T_{\text{sh}}\} : V_{(\text{sh})} = \frac{m}{\rho_{(l)} + \Delta_{\text{sh}}\rho_{(l)} \cdot (T_{\text{sh}} - T)}$$

$$\{T = T_{\text{fus}}\} : V_{(l)} = \frac{m}{\rho_{(l)}}$$

$$\{T = T^{\ominus}\} : V_{(s)} = \frac{m}{\rho_{(s)}}$$

$$\Delta_T V = \frac{V_{(\text{sh})} - V_{(s)}^{\ominus}}{V_{(\text{sh})}} \quad \Delta_{l \rightarrow s} V = \frac{V_{(s)} - V_{(l)}}{V_{(s)}} \quad V_{(s)} = V_{(l)} (1 + \Delta_{l \rightarrow s} V)$$

2 Chvorinov's Rule

$$M_c \equiv \left(\frac{V}{A_s} \right)_{\text{metal}} \quad \alpha_{\text{mould}} \equiv \frac{k}{\rho C_p} \quad \text{RoT: } M_{\text{riser}} \geq 1.1 M_{\text{casting}}$$

$$-\ell_2 = \ell_1 + \ell_1 \alpha (T_{\text{fus}} - T^{\ominus})$$

2.1 Sand

$$t_s = B_s M_c^2$$

$$B_s = \frac{\pi \alpha_{\text{mould}}}{4k_m^2} \rho_{\text{metal (l)}}^2 \frac{[\Delta_{\text{fus}}H + C_{P,\text{metal (l)}}(T_{\text{pour}} - T_{\text{fus}})]^2}{(T_{\text{fus}} - T^{\ominus})^2}$$

2.2 Permanent

$$t_s = B_s M_c$$

$$B_s \equiv \rho_{\text{metal (l)}} \frac{\Delta_{\text{fus}}H + C_{P,\text{metal (l)}}(T_{\text{pour}} - T_{\text{fus}})}{h_{\text{metal:mould}}(T_{\text{fus}} - T_{0,\text{mould}})}$$

3 Cylindrical Risers

$$M_r \equiv \frac{V}{A_s} \quad A_s = 2\pi R^2 + \frac{2V}{R}$$

RoT: $h = 2\phi$, but $h = \phi \Rightarrow \eta = 1$

$$M_{r,\text{top}} = \frac{\pi R^2 h}{\pi R^2 + 2\pi R} \Big|_{h=4R=2\phi} \geq \frac{2\phi}{9}$$

$$M_{r,\text{side}} = \frac{\pi R^2 h}{2\pi R^2 + 2\pi R} \Big|_{h=4R=2\phi} \geq \frac{\phi}{5}$$

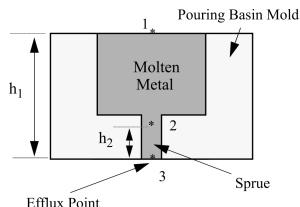
$$\ell_n \leq \frac{\phi}{2} \quad \phi_n \leq 1.2\ell_n + 0.1\phi_r$$

4 Steel Zones of Effect

$$\text{EE} = 2\delta \quad \text{RE} = 1.5\delta \quad \text{ECE} = \delta \quad \text{MCE} = 2\text{EE} = 4\delta$$

$$N_r = \frac{\ell - 2\text{EE}}{2\text{RE} + \phi_r} \text{ without chill}$$

5 Conservation of Mass, Energy, & Momentum

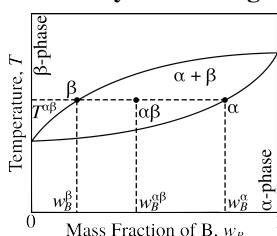


$$\tilde{H} = z + \frac{\vec{v}^2}{2g} + \frac{P}{\rho g} + \frac{\hat{F}}{g} \quad \dot{V}_1\rho = \dot{V}_2\rho \quad A_{\sigma 1}\vec{v}_1 = A_{\sigma 2}\vec{v}_2$$

$$\vec{v}_3 = \sqrt{2gh_1} \quad P_2 = P_3 - h_2\rho \quad \vec{v}_2 = \sqrt{2g(h_1 - h_2)}$$

$$A_{\sigma 2}\vec{v}_2 = A_{\sigma 3}\vec{v}_3 \quad t_{\text{fill}} = \frac{V_{\text{cavity}}}{A_{\sigma 3}\vec{v}_3}$$

6 Binary Phase Diagram Lever Rule



$$w^{\alpha}(T^{\alpha\beta}) = \frac{w_B^{\alpha\beta} - w_B^{\beta}}{w_B^{\alpha} - w_B^{\beta}} \quad w^{\beta}(T^{\alpha\beta}) = \frac{w_B^{\alpha} - w_B^{\alpha\beta}}{w_B^{\alpha} - w_B^{\beta}}$$

7 Prerequisite Material

7.1 Statics

$$A = \iint dA \quad m = \iint_A \sigma dA$$

$$S_x = \iint_A y dA \quad S_y = \iint_A x dA \quad M_x = \iint_A y\sigma dA \quad M_y = \iint_A x\sigma dA$$

$$C_x = \frac{S_y}{A} \quad C_y = \frac{S_x}{A} \quad \bar{x} = \frac{M_y}{m} \quad \bar{y} = \frac{M_x}{m}$$

$$I_{Sx} = \iint_A y^2 dA \quad I_{Sy} = \iint_A x^2 dA \quad I_{Sz} = I_{Sx} + I_{Sy}$$

$$I_{Mx} = \iint_A y^2\sigma dA \quad I_{My} = \iint_A x^2\sigma dA \quad I_{Mz} = I_{Mx} + I_{My}$$

$$I_{Mx} = I_{M\bar{x}} + m\delta^2 \quad I_{Mx} = m k_x^2 \quad k_x = \sqrt{\frac{I_{Mx}}{A}}$$

$$I_{Px} = \iint_A xy dA \quad I_{Pxz} = \iint_A xz dA \quad I_{Pyz} = \iint_A yz dA$$

7.2 Dynamics

$$\vec{r} = I\vec{\alpha} \quad \vec{r} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} \quad |\vec{r}| = |\vec{r}|\vec{F} \sin \theta$$

$$W = \vec{r}\theta \quad E_k = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 \quad P = \vec{r}\omega$$

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{P} \quad \vec{L} = I\vec{\omega} \quad \vec{\omega} \equiv \frac{\vec{r} \times \vec{v}}{r^2} \quad \vec{M} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$$

7.3 Mechanics of Materials

$$\sigma_e = \frac{\vec{F}}{A_{\sigma 0}} \quad \sigma = \frac{\vec{F}}{A_{\sigma}} = \sigma_e(1 + \epsilon_e)$$

$$\epsilon_e = \frac{\Delta \ell}{\ell_0} \quad \epsilon = \ln \frac{\ell}{\ell_0} = \ln(1 + \epsilon_e)$$

$$E = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_e} = \frac{\vec{F}\ell_0}{A_{\sigma}\Delta \ell}$$

$$\nu = -\frac{\epsilon_{\text{transverse}}}{\epsilon_{\text{axial}}}$$

$$G = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{\gamma_{xy}} = \frac{\vec{F}\ell_0}{A_{\sigma}\Delta x} = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$$

$$K = -V_0 \frac{dP}{dV} = \rho_0 \frac{dP}{d\rho}$$

$$K_1 = Y\sigma \sqrt{\pi \ell_{\text{crack}}}$$

7.4 Selected Nomenclature

C	Centroid	m
E	Young's modulus	Pa
G	Shear modulus	Pa
I_{Sx}	Moment of area (2 nd) / area mt. of inertia	m^4
I_{Mx}	Moment of mass (2 nd) / mass mt. of inertia	kg m^2
I_{Px}	Product moment of inertia	m^4
K	Bulk modulus	Pa
K_1	Fracture toughness, plane-strain	$\text{Pa m}^{1/2}$
k	Radius of gyration	m
M_x	Moment of mass (1 st)	kg m
\vec{M}	Moment, bending	N m
S_x	Moment of area (1 st)	m^3
\bar{x}	Centre of mass	m
Y	Geometric factor	-
γ_{xy}	Shear strain	-
ϵ_e	Strain, engineering	-
ϵ	Strain, true	-
ν	Poisson's ratio	-
σ_e	Stress, engineering	Pa
σ	Stress, true	Pa
τ_{xy}	Shear stress	Pa

References

- K. Rundman, *Principles of Metal Casting*. Houghton, MI, USA: Michigan Technological University.
<https://engineeringstatics.org/>